

## **INVESTIGATION 5**

### What are the risks?

#### **NOTES TO TEACHER**

**PURPOSE:** to explore the principles of probability and relate probability or risk to the radon problem.

#### **MATERIALS:**

• Two dice for every two students

#### **BACKGROUND:**

People live with risk around the clock. Statisticians tell us that there is a mathematical risk in everything from walking to the local 7-11 convenience store on a weekday to traveling to work each morning. There are even potential health risks at home, stemming from such phenomena as radon, asbestos, and lead.

How do you, as a teacher, communicate risk to your students? There is not an easy answer to this question. This student investigation examines risk as a mathematical concept called probability.

#### **WARM-UP:**

It is recommended that you first review with students the terminology associated with probability (e.g., probability, ratio, outcomes) prior to beginning this activity.

Outcome is defined as something that follows as a result or consequence.

Probability is defined as the ratio of the number of favorable outcomes to the total number of

possible outcomes (both favorable and unfavorable).

Ratio is defined as the relationship in quantity, amount, or size between two or

more things

#### PROCESS SKILLS:

Science	Mathematics	Social Studies	Social or Group
Communicating Categorizing Applying	Classifying Investigating Verifying	Judging information related to a problem	•

#### **ACTIVITY SUMMARY:**

#### STEP 1

Prior to beginning this activity, students predict what sum of the die will occur or appear most often and least often after 150 rolls. For example, will the most frequent sum of two dice be 7 or 9 or perhaps 2? Similarly, will the least frequent sum of two dice be 12 or 6 or perhaps 4

#### STEP 2

Students assign a risk value or odds to events that they have either experienced, read about, or watched on television.

#### STEP 3

Students explore similarities between occupational risks and the risk from radon exposure.

#### STEP 4

Students draw what a radon gas atom might look like based on the model from the Radon Fact Sheet.

#### MINIMUM RECOMMENDED TIME

Four to six hours.

#### STUDENT RESPONSES

#### Handout #1

- 1. Responses will vary.
- 2. Responses will vary.

#### Handout #2

- 1. Responses will vary.
- 2. The bar graph started to appear more symmetrical.
- 3. 1 out of 6.

#### Handout #3

Responses will vary.

#### Handout #4

- 1. Wild Animal Trainer
- 2. Responses will vary
- 3. Responses will vary
- 4. Responses will vary
- 5. Responses will vary

#### **EXTENSION ACTIVITIES**

1. Have students assign different risks for other potential household dangers such as falls in the home, fires, food poisoning, floods, etc.



## Radon Alert



# Lesson Plan Evaluation Sheet and FREE POSTER AND STORYBOOK offer

The New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection is happy to provide these lesson plans for use by teachers. In order to evaluate the use of the lesson plans, we would greatly appreciate your response to the following questions. All teachers who return these forms will receive a FREE RADON POSTER depicting information about radon in a colorful format and a STORYBOOK about a Native American child and his experience with radon in his home.

1. W	hich Radon Alert lesson plan(s) did you use?			
2.	How useful did you find it/them (check one) ? Not useful			
	Slightly useful			
	Moderately useful			
	Very useful			
	Extremely useful			
3. D	you plan to use them again in the future?Yes No			
4. In	your view, what would make the lesson plans MORE useful:			
V	Dhana Namhan			
You	r name: Phone Number:			
Sub	ect area:Grade:			
Mail	ing address:			
	eceive your FREE RADON POSTER and STORYBOOK, mail or fax this pleted form to:			
	EP Radon Program, P. O. Box 415, Trenton, NJ 08625			
	609-984-5595.			
	(Questions? Call the Radon Program at 1-800-648-0394.)			